

My Grammar Book



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AL-ROWAD
www.alrowadpub.com

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Grammar

Book

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If something contracts it gets smaller.

Contractions are words that have been made smaller by missing out letters.

An apostrophe like this ' goes in place of the missing letter or letters.



Example:

I am looking for my gloves.

I'm looking for my gloves.

I am

= I'm

a is missed out

you are

= you're

a is missed out

he is

= he's

i is missed out

she is

= she's

i is missed out

it is

= it's

i is missed out

we are

= we're

a is missed out

they are

= they're

a is missed out

Draw lines to join each word in the first box with the correct contraction in the other box.

we are

you are

he is

it is

they are

she is

I am

he's

they're

she's

we're

it's

I'm

you're

**Affirmative**

I walk
 You walk
 He walks
 She walks
 It walks
 We walk
 You walk
 They walk

Negative**Long Form**

I do not walk
 You do not walk
 He **does** not walk
 She **does** not walk
 It **does** not walk
 We do not walk
 You do not walk
 They do not walk

Short Form

I don't walk
 You don't walk
 He **doesn't** walk
 She **doesn't** walk
 It **doesn't** walk
 We don't walk
 You don't walk
 They don't walk

Interrogative

Do I walk?
 Do you walk?
Does he walk?
Does she walk?
Does it walk?
 Do we walk?
 Do you walk?
 Do they walk?

We use the Present Simple:

for habits and actions that we do regularly:

He **visits** his friends every Sunday.

She **goes** to school by bus.

for general truths:

The sun **rises** in the east.

for permanent situations:

He **lives** in Athens.

◆ Time expressions used with the Present Simple:

Every day / week / year / Friday etc.

On Mondays, at the weekend etc.

In the afternoons etc.

In winter / spring etc.

Always, sometimes, often,etc.

◆ Formation of the third person singular → he, she, it

Verbs which end in **-ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o** take **-es**:

I watch - he watch**es**

I brush - she brush**es**

Verbs which end in **consonant + y** change the **-y** to **-i** and take **-es**:

I cry - she cry**es**

Verbs which end in **vowel + y** simply take **-s**:

I play - he play**s**

Note:

In the **negative** and the **interrogative** we drop the ending **-s** of the **third person singular**:



He plays. → He does not play → Does he play?

Read and write.



I get up at 8 o'clock.
I play with my brother.
I help my mum.
I do my homework.



I get up at 9 o'clock.
I play with my sister.
I watch TV in the afternoon.
I go to bed at 10 o'clock.

1 *She gets up at 8 o'clock.*

2

3

4

1 He

2

3

4

Choose and write.

1 Peter

spaghetti. (like / likes)

2 We

at 8 o'clock. (get up / gets up)

3 Jenny

in England. (live / lives)

4 They

English. (speak / speaks)

5 Dave and Peter

basketball. (play / plays)

6 Corky

ice-creams. (eat / eats)

7 Michael

a fast car. (drive / drives)

8 Jenny and Zoe

comics. (read / reads)

Read, choose and write.

brush

swim

wash

drink

eat

speak

like

live

1- He *likes* cheeseburgers.

5- She English.

2- She in Paris.

6- I tea every morning.

3- It fish.

7- He the car every Sunday.

4- They in the sea.

8- I my teeth every day.

Look at the pictures and answer the questions.



1. What does Alison do in the morning?

.....

2. What does she do at noon?

.....

3. What does she do in the afternoon?

.....

4. What does she do in the evening?

.....



What do you do every day? Write four sentences:

1.

2.

3.

4.

Using the Present Simple to express Likes and Dislikes.

Affirmative

I like
He/ She / It likes
We/ You / They like



Negative

I don't like
He/ She / It doesn't like
We/ You / They don't like

Short answers:

Do you like pizza?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Does he/she/it like to play?

Yes, he/she/it does.

No, he/she/it doesn't.

Do they like to help?

Yes, they do.

No, they don't.

Remember

don't
doesn't

do + not
does + not



Answer the questions.

1. Do you like to read stories?

.....

2. Do you like to clean your room?

.....

3. Does Jane like chocolate?

Yes,

4. Does Mike like to swim?

No,

5. Do they like juice?

Yes,

6. Do Ben and Tom like oranges?

No,

Complete the sentences.

Use: like, likes, don't like, doesn't like

1. I



2. I



3. My friend



4. My friend



Write sentences as in the examples:

1. The dog / have a bath



(like) *The dog likes to have a bath.*

.....

5. The children / watch TV



(like)

.....

2. Tom / do his homework



Tom doesn't like to do his homework.

.....

6. Sam / get up early



.....

3. The children / go to the circus



.....

7. The baby / take medicine



.....

4. Father / clean the car



.....

8. They / eat meat



.....

Write.

I like...



1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

I don't like...



1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

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BOOK MAKERS

A **noun** names a person, place, or thing.

A **common noun** names any person, place, or thing.

A **proper noun** names a special person, place, or thing.

A proper noun begins with a capital letter.

Proper Nouns: Days, Months, Holidays, Names of people,
Names of places, Names of streets, Names of cities.



Read the words. There are 10 proper nouns.

Write each one correctly.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------|--------------|-------|
| 1- boy | ..... | 9- book | ..... |
| 2- rosie | ..... | 10- house | ..... |
| 3- school | ..... | 11- august | ..... |
| 4- mother's day | ..... | 12- ben | ..... |
| 5- wednesday | ..... | 13- pen | ..... |
| 6- tom | ..... | 14- mary | ..... |
| 7- november | ..... | 15- saturday | ..... |
| 8- christmas | ..... | 16- cat | ..... |